UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SHERMAN DIVISION

STRIKE 3 HOLDINGS, LLC,	§	
	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
V.	§	Case No. 4:21-cv-00243-SDJ
	§	Case No. 4.21-cv-00243-3DJ
JOHN DOE subscriber assigned IP address	§	
104.188.245.130,	§	
Defendant.	§	
	§	

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT - DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff, Strike 3 Holdings, LLC ("Strike 3" or "Plaintiff"), brings this First Amended Complaint against Defendant, [REDACTED], ("Defendant"), and alleges as follows:

Introduction

- 1. This is a case about the ongoing and wholesale copyright infringement of Plaintiff's motion pictures by Defendant.
 - 2. Plaintiff is the owner of award-winning, critically acclaimed adult motion pictures.
- 3. Strike 3's motion pictures are distributed through its adult websites and DVDs. With millions of unique visitors to its websites each month, Strike 3 is famous for redefining adult content, and for creating high-end, artistic motion pictures produced with a Hollywood-style budget and quality.
- 4. Defendant is stealing these works on a grand scale. Using the BitTorrent protocol, Defendant is committing rampant and wholesale copyright infringement by downloading Strike 3's motion pictures as well as distributing them to others. Defendant did not infringe just one or two of Strike 3's motion pictures. Rather, Defendant has been recorded infringing 62 movies over

an extended period of time.

5. Although Defendant attempted to hide this theft by infringing Plaintiff's content

anonymously, this court entered an order permitting Plaintiff to serve a subpoena on the Internet

Service Provider ("ISP"), AT&T U-verse ("AT&T"), to discover the identity of the subscriber

assigned IP address 104.188.245.130, the IP address Defendant used to download and share

Plaintiff's works.

6. Based on Plaintiff's investigation of the subscriber and publicly available

resources, Plaintiff identified Defendant as the true infringer.

7. This is a civil action seeking damages under the United States Copyright Act of

1976, as amended, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101 et seq. (the "Copyright Act").

Jurisdiction and Venue

8. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §

1331 (federal question); and 28 U.S.C. § 1338 (jurisdiction over copyright actions).

9. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant used an

Internet Protocol address ("IP address") traced to a physical address located within this District to

commit copyright infringement. Therefore: (i) Defendant committed the tortious conduct alleged

in this First Amended Complaint in this State; (ii) Defendant resides in this State and/or;

(iii) Defendant has engaged in substantial – and not isolated – business activity in this State.

10. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c), venue is proper in this District because:

(i) a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this District;

and, (ii) the Defendant resides (and therefore can be found) in this District and resides in this State.

Additionally, venue is proper in this District pursuant 28 U.S.C. § 1400(a) (venue for copyright

cases) because Defendant or Defendant's agent resides or may be found in this District.

Parties

- 11. Plaintiff, Strike 3 is a Delaware limited liability company located at 2140 S. Dupont Hwy, Camden, DE.
 - 12. Defendant, [REDACTED], is an individual currently residing at [REDACTED].

Factual Background

Plaintiff's Award-Winning Copyrights

- 13. Strike 3's subscription-based websites proudly boast a paid subscriber base that are among the highest of any adult-content sites in the world and Strike 3's motion pictures are the number one selling adult DVDs in the United States. Strike 3 also licenses its motion pictures to popular broadcasters.
- 14. Strike 3's motion pictures and websites have won numerous awards relating to the quality of the content produced and the professionalism of its business operations.
- 15. Strike 3's motion pictures have had positive global impact in the industry, leading more adult studios to invest in better content and to higher pay for and better treatment for performers.
- 16. Unfortunately, like a large number of other makers of motion picture and television works, Strike 3 is a victim of mass Internet piracy. Often appearing among the most infringed popular entertainment content on torrent websites, Strike 3's motion pictures are among the most pirated content in the world.

Defendant Used the BitTorrent File Distribution Network

to Infringe Plaintiff's Copyrights

17. BitTorrent is a system designed to quickly distribute large files over the Internet. Instead of downloading a file, such as a movie, from a single source, BitTorrent users are able to

connect to the computers of other BitTorrent users in order to simultaneously download and upload

pieces of the file from and to other users.

18. BitTorrent's popularity stems from the ability of users to directly interact with each

other to distribute a large file without creating a heavy load on any individual source computer

and/or network. It enables Plaintiff's motion pictures, which are often filmed in state of the art

4kHD, to be transferred quickly and efficiently.

19. To share a movie within the BitTorrent network, a user first uses BitTorrent

software to create a .torrent file from the original digital media file. This process breaks the

original digital media file down into numerous pieces.

20. The entire movie file being shared has a hash value (i.e., the "File Hash"). A hash

value is an alpha-numeric value of a fixed length that uniquely identifies data.

21. Hash values are not arbitrarily assigned to data merely for identification purposes,

but rather are the product of a cryptographic algorithm applied to the data itself. As such, while

two identical sets of data will produce the same cryptographic hash value, any change to the

underlying data – no matter how small – will change the cryptographic hash value that correlates

to it.

22. To find and re-assemble the pieces of the digital media file, *i.e.*, to download the

file using BitTorrent, a user must obtain the .torrent file for the specific file that has been broken

down into pieces.

23. Each .torrent file contains important metadata with respect to the pieces of the file.

When this data is put into the cryptographic algorithm, it results in a hash value called the "Info

Hash."

24. The "Info Hash" is the data that the BitTorrent protocol uses to identify and locate

the other pieces of the desired file (in this case, the desired file is the respective file for the infringing motion pictures that are the subject of this action) across the BitTorrent network.

- 25. Using the Info Hash in the metadata of a .torrent file, a user may collect all the pieces of the digital media file that correlates with the specific .torrent file.
- 26. Once a user downloads all of the pieces of that digital media file from other BitTorrent users, the digital media file is automatically reassembled into its original form, ready for playing.
- 27. Plaintiff has developed, owns, and operates an infringement detection system, named "VXN Scan."
- 28. Using VXN Scan, Plaintiff discovered that Defendant used the BitTorrent file network to illegally download and distribute Plaintiff's copyrighted motion pictures.
- 29. To explain, while Defendant was using the BitTorrent file distribution network, VXN Scan established direct TCP/IP connections with Defendant's IP address.
- 30. VXN Scan downloaded from Defendant one or more pieces of numerous digital media files.
- 31. Plaintiff identified these pieces as portions of infringing copies of Strike 3's motion pictures.
- 32. More specifically, the VXN Scan system first searched for and obtained .torrent files claiming to be infringing copies of Plaintiff's works, and then downloaded complete copies of the digital media files that correlate to those .torrent files.
- 33. Plaintiff then compared the completed digital media files to Plaintiff's copyrighted works to determine whether they are infringing copies of one of Plaintiff's copyrighted works.
 - 34. The digital media files have been verified to contain a digital copy of a motion

picture that is identical (or, alternatively, strikingly similar or substantially similar) to Plaintiff's corresponding original copyrighted works.

35. VXN Scan then used the "Info Hash" value, contained within the metadata of the

.torrent file correlated with a digital media file that was determined to be identical (or substantially

similar) to a copyrighted work, to download a piece (or pieces) of the same digital media file from

Defendant using the BitTorrent network.

36. At no point did VXN Scan upload content to any BitTorrent user. Indeed, it is

incapable of doing so.

37. The VXN Scan captured transactions from Defendant sharing specific pieces of 62

digital media files that have been determined to be identical (or substantially similar) to a

copyrighted work(s) that Plaintiff owns.

38. VXN Scan recorded each transaction in a PCAP file.

39. VXN Scan recorded multiple transactions in this matter.

40. For each work infringed a single transaction is listed on Exhibit A.

41. For each transaction listed, Exhibit A sets forth the Universal Time Coordinated

(UTC) time and date of each transaction, along with (1) the Info Hash value obtained from the

metadata of the corresponding .torrent file that formed the basis of the VXN Scan's request for

data, and (2) the File Hash value of the digital media file itself.

42. Exhibit A also sets forth relevant copyright information for each work at issue: the

date of publication, the date of registration, and the work's copyright registration number. In a

showing of good faith, Plaintiff has intentionally omitted the title of the work from this public

filing due to the adult nature of its content, but can provide a version of Exhibit A containing the

works' titles to the Court or any party upon request.

- 43. Thus, Plaintiff can demonstrate that Defendant downloaded, copied, and distributed Plaintiff's works without authorization.
 - 44. Defendant's infringement was continuous and ongoing.
- 45. Plaintiff owns the copyrights to the works and the works have been registered with the United States Copyright Office.
- 46. Plaintiff seeks statutory damages, attorneys' fees, and costs under 17 U.S.C. § 501 of the United States Copyright Act.

Discovery Will Likely Show that Defendant is the Individual Who Infringed Plaintiff's Copyrighted Works

- 47. Plaintiff's investigation has determined that Defendant is the person who used this IP address to infringe on its copyrighted works.
- 48. In response to Plaintiff's subpoena, the ISP indicated that IP address 104.188.245.130 was assigned to Defendant at the residence identified in paragraph 12 above during at least one date of infringement.
- 49. Defendant lived at the residence identified in paragraph 12 above during the period of infringement.
- 50. Plaintiff logged BitTorrent network activity emanating from IP address 104.188.245.130 involving works other than Plaintiff's copyrighted works. Collectively, this evidence is referred to as the "Additional Evidence."
 - 51. **[REDACTED]**.
 - 52. **[REDACTED]**.
 - 53. **[REDACTED]**.
 - 54. **[REDACTED]**.

COUNT I

Direct Copyright Infringement

- 55. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1-54 are hereby re-alleged as if fully set forth herein.
 - 56. Plaintiff is the owner of the works, which are each an original work of authorship.
- 57. Defendant copied and distributed the constituent elements of Plaintiff's works using the BitTorrent protocol.
- 58. At no point in time did Plaintiff authorize, permit or consent to Defendant's copying, distribution, performance and/or display of its works, expressly or otherwise.
 - 59. As a result of the foregoing, Defendant violated Plaintiff's exclusive right to:
 - (A) Reproduce its works in copies, in violation of 17 U.S.C. §§ 106(1) and 501;
- (B) Distribute copies of the works to the public by sale or other transfer of ownership, or by rental, lease or lending, in violation of 17 U.S.C. §§ 106(3) and 501;
- (C) Perform the copyrighted works, in violation of 17 U.S.C. §§ 106(4) and 501, by showing the works' images in any sequence and/or by making the sounds accompanying the works' audible and transmitting said performance of the work, by means of a device or process, to members of the public capable of receiving the display (as set forth in 17 U.S.C. § 101's definitions of "perform" and "publicly" perform); and
- (D) Display the copyrighted works, in violation of 17 U.S.C. §§ 106(5) and 501, by showing individual images of the works non-sequentially and transmitting said display of the works by means of a device or process to members of the public capable of receiving the display (as set forth in 17 U.S.C. § 101's definition of "publicly" display).
 - 60. Defendant's infringements were committed "willfully" within the meaning of 17

U.S.C. § 504(c)(2).

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court:

(A) Permanently enjoin Defendant from continuing to infringe Plaintiff's copyrighted

works;

(B) Order that Defendant delete and permanently remove the digital media files relating

to Plaintiff's Works from each of the computers under Defendant's possession, custody or control;

(C) Order that Defendant delete and permanently remove the infringing copies of the

works Defendant has on computers under Defendant's possession, custody or control;

(D) Award Plaintiff statutory damages per infringed work pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §

504(a) and (c);

(E) Award Plaintiff its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §

505; and

(F) Grant Plaintiff any other and further relief this Court deems just and proper.

Dated: November 5, 2021

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ Forrest M. Seger III

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